5	Listen	 □ Identify the problem, then dig deeper and identify the real problem. □ Research the current product, if available, and gain deep understanding of how it's being used. □ Conduct user interviews and contextual inquiries with actual users. □ Listen to user-proposed solutions but avoid creating a box. □ Perform a Gap Analysis. Where are we now? Where are we going? How can we get there?
	Outline	 □ Identify the Minimum Viable Product. □ Perform SWOT analysis on the product focusing on maintainability and scalability. □ Create a list of business requirements and key performance indicators. □ Identify the framework and libraries that will be used in development. □ Assemble the team, present your research and scope the project.
5	Wireframe	 □ Map the user flow. □ Create low fidelity mockups. □ Get feedback from the team and key stakeholders, especially developers (front and back end). □ Test the user flow in low fidelity. □ Redesign and retest as necessary.
5	Prototype	 □ Create high fidelity prototypes. □ Conduct comprehensive user testing with unbiased users. □ Evaluate the results. Does this solve the problem? Is it futureproof? □ Meet with developers for a technical assessment and get final buyoff. □ QA, redesign and retest as necessary.
	Execute	 □ Work with development to implement the design. □ Oversee the development to ensure the design is followed but allow flexibility when necessary. □ QA test product including functional testing and UI design compliance. □ Launch the product as an alpha or beta release and evaluate analytics data and recorded sessions. □ Ensure bug fixes are implemented.
	Listen	 □ Conduct ongoing audits to ensure the product still solves the problem. □ Launch early and iterate often based on the feedback and usage data. □ Explore opportunities to replicate the successes of the product. □ Evaluate the maintainability and scalability of the product. □ Be willing to let go of earlier work.